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Juniper Networks обнародовала рекордные в истории компании предварительные финансовые результаты за четвертый квартал 2010 года и финансовый год

#### Финансовые показатели за 4-й квартал

- Выручка: 1,190 млрд. долл. США, рост на 26% по сравнению с аналогичным периодом прошлого года и на 18% с предыдущим кварталом
- Норма прибыли: 19,1% GAAP; 24,5% non-GAAP
- Чистая прибыль на акцию по GAAP: 0,35 долл. США в расчете на акцию
- Чистая прибыль на акцию по non-GAAP: 0,42 долл. США в расчете на акцию, рост на 31% по сравнению с аналогичным периодом прошлого года и предыдущим кварталом (в том числе, около 0,03 долл. США благодаря увеличению налоговой льготы по затратам на НИОКР (R&D tax credit)).

#### Финансовые показатели за 2010-й год:

- Выручка: 4,093 млрд. долл. США, рост на 23% по сравнению с прошлым годом
- Норма прибыли: 18,8% GAAP; 24,0% non-GAAP
- Чистая прибыль на акцию по GAAP: 1,15 долл. США в расчете на акцию
- Чистая прибыль на акцию по non-GAAP: 1,32 долл. США в расчете на акцию, рост на 43% по сравнению с прошлым годом

**МОСКВА, 25 января 2011 г.** — Компания Juniper Networks (NYSE: JNPR) сегодня обнародовала предварительные финансовые итоги за четвертый квартал и за год, окончившиеся 31 декабря 2010 г., и дала свой прогноз на первый квартал, оканчивающийся 31 марта 2011 г. Результаты Juniper за четвертый квартал и весь 2010-й год, чистая прибыль и выручках по non-GAAP, стали самыми высокими в истории компании.

Чистая выручка за 4-й квартал 2010 г. увеличилась на 26% по сравнению с аналогичным периодом прошлого года и на 18% по сравнению с предыдущим периодом и достигла 1,190 миллиарда. За годичный период, окончившийся 31 декабря 2010 г., доход Juniper увеличился на 23% по сравнению с аналогичным периодом прошлого года, до 4,093 миллиарда.

Компания обнародовала размер чистой прибыли по GAAP за 4-й квартал 2010, которая составила 190,2 млн. долл. США, или 0,35 долл. США в расчете на акцию, и чистую прибыль по non-GAAP, равную 228,6 млн. долл. США, или 0,42 долл. США в расчете на акцию. Увеличение налоговой льготы на расходы на НИОКР составило около 0,03 долл. США в расчете на акцию, учтенные при расчете чистой прибыли по GAAP и по non-GAAP. Чистая прибыль по non-GAAP в расчете на акцию за 4-й квартал 2010 г. увеличилась на 31% по сравнению с аналогичными показателями за год и квартал. За год, окончившийся 31 декабря 2010 г., чистая прибыль по GAAP составила 618,4 млн. долл. США, или 1,15 долл. США в расчете на акцию; чистая прибыль по non-GAAP составила 710 млн. долл. США, или 1,32 долл. США в расчете на акцию.

Чистая прибыль по non-GAAP в расчете на акцию за год, окончившийся 31 декабря 2010 г., выросла на 43% по сравнению с аналогичным показателем за предыдущий год. Согласования между GAAP и non-GAAP результатами деятельности приводятся в таблице, следующей сразу после таблицы «Чистая рыночная прибыль», приведенной ниже.

«Juniper показала выдающиеся результаты в 2010-м году, когда мы начали придерживаться многолетней стратегии роста, основанной на мобильном Интернете и тенденциях «облачных» вычислений, - говорит Кевин Джонсон, генеральный директор компании Juniper. - 2011-й год — важный этап для компании: мы готовимся анонсировать инновационные продукты, которые будут продолжать философию «новой сети»».

Норма прибыли компании Juniper за 4-й квартал 2010 г. увеличилась до 19,1% по стандарту GAAP, в сравнении с 0,6% за аналогичный период прошлого года. Норма прибыли по non-GAAP за 4-й квартал 2010 г. возросла незначительно: до 24.5% с 24.4% за аналогичный период прошлого года. За 2010-й финансовый год норма прибыли компании Juniper возросла до 18,8% по стандарту GAAP относительно 9,4% за прошлый финансовый год. Норма прибыли по non-GAAP за 2010-й финансовый год увеличилась до 24,0% относительно 20,2% в 2009-м финансовом году.

Компания Juniper получила 371,0 млн. долл. США чистого дохода от операционной деятельности за 4-й квартал 2010 г. в сравнении с 259,6 млн. долл. США чистого дохода от операционной деятельности за аналогичный квартал 2009 г. За год, окончившийся 31 декабря 2010 г., компания Juniper получила 812,3 млн. долл. США чистого дохода от операционной деятельности, в сравнении с 796,1 млн. долл. США в 2009 г.

Капитальные расходы и амортизационные отчисления за 4-й квартал 2010 г. составили 47,8 млн. долл. США и 42,9 млн. долл. США соответственно. Капитальные расходы и амортизационные отчисления за 2010-й финансовый год составили 185,3 млн. долл. США и 155,3 млн. долл. США соответственно.

«Juniper закончила 4-й квартал 2010 г. С большой выручкой и увеличившейся производительностью. Мы успешно следовали заявленным принципам работы и наблюдаем высокий уровень возврата инвестиций, начатых в 2009-ом году, в развитие инноваций и новые возможности выхода на рынок, - говорит Робин Делхолм, финансовый директор компании Juniper. — Мы стремимся к еще большему повышению производительности в 2011-м году, подкрепляемому устойчивым ростом, увеличением прибыли и улучшением показателей финансового отчета».

#### Прогнозы

- Согласно прогнозам Juniper, выручка за первый квартал, оканчивающийся 31 марта 2011 г. составит от 1,06 млрд. долл. США до 1,11 млрд. долл. США, что соответствует примерно 19% роста по сравнению со средними показателями за аналогичный период прошлого года.
- Валовая прибыль компании по non-GAAP в 1-м квартале будет соответствовать запланированным 66% 68%.
- Операционные расходы компании по non-GAAP составят больший процент от прибыли, но останутся примерно такими же в долларовом эквиваленте, как и в предыдущем квартале.
   Таким образом, по прогнозам компании норма прибыли за 1-й квартал составит 22,0% (плюс-минус 0,5%).
- Чистая прибыль по non-GAAP будет колебаться между 0,30 долл. США и 0,33 долл. США в расчете на акцию, с условием сохранения количества акций и налоговой ставки по non-GAAP, равной 28,5%. Оценка EPS по non-GAAP включает в себя эффект от текущих приобретений компании в размере примерно 0,02 долл. США на акцию.

Все прогнозные non-GAAP методы исключают оценку нематериальных активов, запланированных возмещаемых затрат, расходов, связанных с приобретениями, расходов на реструктуризацию, расходов на судебное урегулирование, прибылей или убытков от инвестиций в акционерный капитал, единовременных корректировок налога на прибыль, оценочного резерва по отложенным налоговым активам и исключений из налога на прибыль по non-GAAP. Приведение соответствий между оценками по GAAP и non-GAAP недоступно в долгосрочном прогностическом периоде.

#### **O Juniper Networks**

Juniper Networks — поставщик инновационных продуктов для работы сетей. Компания предлагает инновационные программные и аппаратные решения, а также системы для отдельных устройств и центров обработки данных, для конечных пользователей и «облачных» вычислений, которые трансформируют опыт и экономику вычислительных сетей. Дополнительную информацию вы можете найти на сайте Juniper Networks (www.juniper.net.)

Statements in this release concerning Juniper Networks' business outlook, economic and market outlook, future financial and operating results, and overall future prospects are forward-looking statements that involve a number of uncertainties and risks. Actual results or events could differ materially from those anticipated in those forwardlooking statements as a result of certain factors, including: general economic conditions globally or regionally; business and economic conditions in the networking industry; changes in overall technology spending; the network capacity requirements of communication service providers; contractual terms that may result in the deferral of revenue; increases in and the effect of competition; the timing of orders and their fulfillment; manufacturing and supply chain constraints; ability to establish and maintain relationships with distributors, resellers and other partners; variations in the expected mix of products sold; changes in customer mix; changes in geography mix; customer and industry analyst perceptions of Juniper Networks and its technology, products and future prospects; delays in scheduled product availability; market acceptance of Juniper Networks products and services; rapid technological and market change; adoption of regulations or standards affecting Juniper Networks products, services or the networking industry; the ability to successfully acquire, integrate and manage businesses and technologies; product defects, returns or vulnerabilities; the ability to recruit and retain key personnel; significant effects of tax legislation and judicial or administrative interpretation of tax regulations; currency fluctuations; litigation; and other factors listed in Juniper Networks' most recent report on Form 10-O filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. All statements made in this press release are made only as of the date set forth at the beginning of this release. Juniper Networks undertakes no obligation to update the information in this release in the event facts or circumstances subsequently change after the date of this press release.

Juniper Networks believes that the presentation of non-GAAP financial information provides important supplemental information to management and investors regarding financial and business trends relating to the company's financial condition and results of operations. For further information regarding why Juniper Networks believes that these non-GAAP measures provide useful information to investors, the specific manner in which management uses these measures, and some of the limitations associated with the use of these measures, please refer to the discussion below.

# Juniper Networks, Inc. Preliminary Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

(in thousands, except per share amounts)
(unaudited)

		onths Ended nber 31,		onths Ended aber 31,
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net revenues:				
Product	\$ 962,209	\$ 739,096	\$ 3,258,651	\$ 2,567,992
Service	227,732	202,358	834,615	747,920
Total net revenues	1,189,941	941,454	4,093,266	3,315,912
Cost of revenues:				
Product	299,699	234,756	1,000,865	841,722
Service	98,241	75,452	350,654	290,987
Total cost of revenues	397,940	310,208	1,351,519	1,132,709
Gross margin	792,001	631,246	2,741,747	2,183,203
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	254,942	187,210	917,855	741,708
Sales and marketing	257,690	211,288	857,072	759,131
General and administrative	45,068	41,196	177,859	159,459
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	972	1,157	4,230	10,416
Litigation settlement charges	_	181,331	_	182,331
Restructuring charges	2,255	3,212	10,805	19,463
Acquisition-related charges	4,276		6,342	
Total operating expenses	565,203	625,394	1,974,163	1,872,508
Operating income	226,798	5,852	767,584	310,695
Interest and other (expense) income, net	(580)	347	1,917	6,928
Gain (loss) on equity investments	5,421	(2,251)	8,653	(5,562)
Income before income taxes and noncontrolling interest	231,639	3,948	778,154	312,061
Income tax provision (benefit)	41,556	(17,185)	158,781	196,833
Consolidated net income	190,083	21,133	619,373	115,228
Adjust for net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling	1.50		(051)	
interest	150	1,771	(971)	1,771
Net income attributable to Juniper Networks	\$ 190,233	\$ 22,904	\$ 618,402	\$ 116,999
Net income per share attributable to Juniper Networks commo stockholders:	on			
Basic	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.04	\$ 1.18	\$ 0.22
Diluted	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.04	\$ 1.15	\$ 0.22
Shares used in computing net income per share:				
Basic	523,556	523,200	522,444	523,603
Diluted	541,464	538,887	538,790	534,015
	211,104	230,007	230,770	231,013

#### Juniper Networks, Inc. Share-Based Compensation by Category

(in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended December 31,				Twelve Months Ended December 31,			
		2010		2009		2010		2009
Cost of revenues – Product	\$	1,260	\$	1,074	\$	4,353	\$	3,906
Cost of revenues – Service		3,632		2,922		13,523		10,487
Research and development		23,481		15,294		78,461		59,282
Sales and marketing		15,929		11,340		54,949		43,148
General and administrative		8,100		7,584		30,671		22,836
Total	\$	52,402	\$	38,214	\$	181,957	\$	139,659

### Juniper Networks, Inc. Share-Based Compensation Related Payroll Tax by Category

(in thousands) (unaudited)

Three Months Ended					Twelve Months Ended			
December 31,				December 31,			1,	
	2010 2009		2009	2010		2009		
\$	66	\$	(23)	\$	197	\$	25	
	319		(70)		689		75	
	793		(407)		2,206		133	
	1,177		(155)		2,912		514	
	182		4		429		85	
\$	2,537	\$	(651)	\$	6,433	\$	832	
		Decemed 2010 \$ 66 319 793 1,177 182	December 3  2010  \$ 66 \$  319  793  1,177  182	2010         2009           \$ 66         \$ (23)           319         (70)           793         (407)           1,177         (155)           182         4	December 31,       2010     2009       \$ 66     \$ (23)       319     (70)       793     (407)       1,177     (155)       182     4	December 31,         December 31,           2010         2009         2010           \$ 66         \$ (23)         \$ 197           319         (70)         689           793         (407)         2,206           1,177         (155)         2,912           182         4         429	December 31,         December 3           2010         2009         2010           \$ 66         \$ (23)         \$ 197         \$           319         (70)         689           793         (407)         2,206           1,177         (155)         2,912           182         4         429	

#### Juniper Networks, Inc. Net Revenues by Reportable Segment

(in thousands) (unaudited)

		Three Mo	nths l	Ended	Twelve Months Ended			
		December 31,				December 31,		
		2010		2009	2010			2009
Infrastructure – Product	\$	757,652	\$	562,978	\$ 2	2,511,584	\$	1,959,198
Infrastructure – Service		149,502		132,363		538,690		482,437
Total Infrastructure	\$	907,154	\$	695,341	\$ .	3,050,274	\$	2,441,635
Service Layer Technologies – Product	\$	204,557	\$	176,118	\$	747,067	\$	608,794
Service Layer Technologies – Service		78,230		69,995		295,925		265,483
Total Service Layer Technologies	\$	282,787	\$	246,113	\$	1,042,992	\$	874,277
Total	\$ 1	,189,941	\$	941,454	\$ 4	4,093,266	\$	3,315,912

#### Juniper Networks, Inc. Net Revenues by Geographic Region

(in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended			Twelve Months Ended		
	 Decen	nber	31,	December 31,		
	 2010	2009		2010	2009	
Americas	\$ 580,120	\$	514,482	\$ 2,095,556	\$ 1,687,857	
Europe, Middle East, and Africa	359,761		254,899	1,189,266	953,218	
Asia Pacific	 250,060		172,073	808,444	674,837	
Total	\$ 1,189,941		941,454	\$ 4,093,266	\$ 3,315,912	

#### Juniper Networks, Inc. Net Revenues by Market

(in thousands) (unaudited)

		Three Months Ended			Twelve Months Ended			Ended		
		December 31,			December 31,			1,		
		2010		2009		2009		2010		2009
Service Provider	\$	783,841	\$	639,269	\$	2,631,486	\$ 2	,197,069		
Enterprise		406,100		302,185	_	1,461,780	1	,118,843		
Total	\$ 1,189,941		\$	941,454	\$	4,093,266	\$ 3	,315,912		

(in thousands, except percentages) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended December 31,			Twelve Months Ended December 31,		
	_	2010	2009	2010	2009	
GAAP Cost of revenues - Product	\$	299,699	\$ 234,756	\$ 1,000,865	\$ 841,722	
Share-based compensation expense	C	(1,260)	(1,074)	(4,353)	(3,906)	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax	C	(66)	23	(197)	(25)	
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	A	(2,554)	(904)	(4,301)	(5,011)	
Non-GAAP Cost of revenues - Product	_	295,819	232,801	992,014	832,780	
GAAP Cost of revenues - Service		98,241	75,452	350,654	290,987	
Share-based compensation expense	C	(3,632)	(2,922)	(13,523)	(10,487)	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax	C _	(319)	70	(689)	(75)	
Non-GAAP Cost of revenues - Service	_	94,290	72,600	336,442	280,425	
GAAP Gross margin - Product		662,510	504,340	2,257,786	1,726,270	
Share-based compensation expense	C	1,260	1,074	4,353	3,906	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax	C	66	(23)	197	25	
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	A	2,554	904	4,301	5,011	
Non-GAAP Gross margin - Product	_	666,390	506,295	2,266,637	1,735,212	
GAAP Product gross margin as a % of product revenue		68.9%	68.2%	69.3%	67.2%	
Share-based compensation expense as a % of product revenue	C	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax as a % of product revenue	C	—%	%	—%	%	
Amortization of purchased intangible assets as a % of product revenue	Α_	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	
Non-GAAP Product gross margin as a % of product revenue	_	69.3%	68.5 %	69.6%	67.6%	
GAAP Gross margin - Service		129,491	126,906	483,961	456,933	
Share-based compensation expense	C	3,632	2,922	13,523	10,487	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax	C	319	(70)	689	75	
Non-GAAP Gross margin - Service	\$		\$ 129,758	\$ 498,173	\$ 467,495	
	=		_ <del></del>			
GAAP Service gross margin as a % of service revenue		56.9%	62.7%	58.0%	61.1%	
Share-based compensation expense as a % of service revenue	C	1.6%	1.4%	1.6%	1.4%	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax as a % of service revenue	C _	0.1%	%	0.1%	%	
Non-GAAP Service gross margin as a % of service revenue	=	58.6%	64.1%	59.7%	62.5 %	

(in thousands, except percentages) (unaudited)

			nths Ended	Twelve Months Ended December 31,		
		2010	2009	2010	2009	
GAAP Gross margin		\$ 792,001	\$ 631,246	\$ 2,741,747	\$ 2,183,203	
Share-based compensation expense	C	4,892	3,996	17,876	14,393	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax	C	385	(93)	886	100	
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	A	2,554	904	4,301	5,011	
Non-GAAP Gross margin		799,832	636,053	2,764,810	2,202,707	
GAAP Gross margin as a % of revenue		66.6%	67.1%	67.0%	65.8%	
Share-based compensation expense as a % of revenue	C	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax as a % of revenue	C	—%	%	—%	—%	
Amortization of purchased intangible assets as a % of revenue	A	0.2%	0.1%	0.1 %	0.2%	
Non-GAAP Gross margin as a % of revenue		67.2%	67.6%	67.5%	66.4%	
GAAP Research and development expense		254,942	187,210	917,855	741,708	
Share-based compensation expense	C	(23,481)	(15,294)	(78,461)	(59,282)	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax	C	(793)	407	(2,206)	(133)	
Non-GAAP Research and development expense		230,668	172,323	837,188	682,293	
GAAP Sales and marketing expense		257,690	211,288	857,072	759,131	
Share-based compensation expense	C	(15,929)	(11,340)	(54,949)	(43,148)	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax	C	(1,177)	155	(2,912)	(514)	
Non-GAAP Sales and marketing expense		240,584	200,103	799,211	715,469	
GAAP General and administrative expense		45,068	41,196	177,859	159,459	
Share-based compensation expense	C	(8,100)	(7,584)	(30,671)	(22,836)	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax	C	(182)	(4)	(429)	(85)	
Non-GAAP General and administrative expense		36,786	33,608	146,759	136,538	
GAAP Operating expense		565,203	625,394	1,974,163	1,872,508	
Share-based compensation expense	C	(47,510)	(34,218)	(164,081)	(125,266)	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax	C	(2,152)	558	(5,547)	(732)	
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	A	(972)	(1,157)	(4,230)	(10,416)	
Litigation settlement charges	В	_	(181,331)		(182,331)	
Restructuring charges	В	(2,255)	(3,212)	(10,805)	(19,463)	
Acquisition-related charges	A	(4,276)		(6,342)		
Non-GAAP Operating expense		\$ 508,038	\$ 406,034	\$ 1,783,158	\$ 1,534,300	

(in thousands, except percentages) (unaudited)

			nths Ended aber 31,	Twelve Months Ended December 31,		
		2010	2009	2010	2009	
GAAP Operating income		\$ 226,798	\$ 5,852	\$ 767,584	\$ 310,695	
Share-based compensation expense	C	52,402	38,214	181,957	139,659	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax	C	2,537	(651)	6,433	832	
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	A	3,526	2,061	8,531	15,427	
Litigation settlement charges	В	_	181,331	_	182,331	
Restructuring charges	В	2,255	3,212	10,805	19,463	
Acquisition-related charges	A	4,276		6,342		
Non-GAAP Operating income		291,794	230,019	981,652	668,407	
GAAP Operating margin		19.1%	0.6 %	18.8%	9.4%	
Share-based compensation expense as a % of revenue	C	4.3%	4.1 %	4.3%	4.2%	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax as a % of revenue	C	0.2 %	(0.1)%	0.2%	0.1%	
Amortization of purchased intangible assets as a % of revenue	A	0.3%	0.2 %	0.2%	0.5%	
Litigation settlement charges as a % of revenue	В	%	19.3 %	—%	5.5%	
Restructuring charges as a % of revenue	В	0.2%	0.3 %	0.3%	0.5%	
Acquisition-related charges as a % of revenue	A	0.4%	%	0.2%	%	
Non-GAAP Operating margin		24.5%	24.4 %	24.0%	20.2%	
GAAP Other income (expense), net		4,841	(1,904)	10,570	1,366	
(Gain) loss on equity investments	В	(5,421)	2,251	(8,653)	5,562	
Non-GAAP Other (expense) income, net		(580)	347	1,917	6,928	
GAAP Income tax provision (benefit)		41,556	(17,185)	158,781	196,833	
Non-recurring income tax adjustment	В	_	_	54,069	(56,683)	
Valuation allowance on deferred tax assets	В	_	_		(61,755)	
Income tax effect of non-GAAP exclusions	В	21,219	75,672	59,258	107,170	
Non-GAAP Provision for income tax		62,775	58,487	272,108	185,565	
Non-GAAP Income tax rate		21.6%	25.4 %	27.7%	27.5%	
Non-GAAP Income before income taxes and noncontrolling interest*		\$ 291,214	\$ 230,366	\$ 983,569	\$ 675,335	

<sup>\*</sup>Consists of non-GAAP operating income plus non-GAAP net other income and expense.

(in thousands, except per share amounts and percentages) (unaudited)

			nths Ended	Twelve Months Ended		
		•	nber 31,		iber 31,	
		2010	2009	2010	2009	
GAAP Net income attributable to Juniper Networks		\$ 190,233	\$ 22,904	\$ 618,402	\$ 116,999	
Share-based compensation expense	C	52,402	38,214	181,957	139,659	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax	C	2,537	(651)	6,433	832	
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	A	3,526	2,061	8,531	15,427	
Litigation settlement charges	В	_	181,331	_	182,331	
Restructuring charges	В	2,255	3,212	10,805	19,463	
Acquisition-related charges	A	4,276	_	6,342	_	
(Gain) loss on equity investments	В	(5,421)	2,251	(8,653)	5,562	
Non-recurring income tax adjustments	В	_	_	(54,069)	56,683	
Valuation allowance on deferred tax assets	В	_	_		61,755	
Income tax effect of non-GAAP exclusions	В	(21,219)	(75,666)	(59,258)	(107,164)	
Non-GAAP Net income		\$ 228,589	\$ 173,656	\$ 710,490	\$ 491,547	
Non-GAAP Net income per share:						
Basic	D	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.33	\$ 1.36	\$ 0.94	
Diluted	D	\$ 0.42	\$ 0.32	\$ 1.32	\$ 0.92	
Shares used in computing non-GAAP net income per share:						
Basic	D	523,556	523,200	522,444	523,603	
Diluted	D	541,464	538,887	538,790	534,015	
GAAP Net income attributable to Juniper Networks as a % of revenue		16.0 %	2.4 %	15.1 %	3.5 %	
Share-based compensation expense as a % of revenue	C	4.4 %	4.1 %	4.4 %	4.2 %	
Share-based compensation related payroll tax as a % of revenue	C	0.2 %	(0.1)%	0.2 %	— %	
Amortization of purchased intangible assets as a % of revenue	A	0.3 %	0.2 %	0.2 %	0.5 %	
Litigation settlement charges as a % of revenue	В	— %	19.3 %	— %	5.5 %	
Restructuring charges as a % of revenue	В	0.2 %	0.3 %	0.3 %	0.5 %	
Acquisition-related charges as a % of revenue	A	0.4 %	— %	0.2 %	— %	
(Gain) loss on equity investments	В	(0.5)%	0.2 %	(0.2)%	0.2 %	
Non-recurring income tax adjustments as a % of revenue	В	— %	— %	(1.3)%	1.7 %	
Valuation allowance on deferred tax assets as a % of revenue	В	— %	— %	— %	1.9 %	
Income tax effect of non-GAAP exclusions as a % of revenue	В	(1.8)%	(8.0)%	(1.5)%	(3.2)%	
Non-GAAP Net income as a % of revenue		19.2 %	18.4 %	17.4 %	14.8 %	

#### **Discussion of Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

The table above includes the following non-GAAP financial measures from our Preliminary Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations: cost of product revenue; cost of service revenue; product gross margin, product gross margin as a percentage of product revenue; service gross margin; service gross margin as a percentage of service revenue; gross margin; gross margin as a percentage of revenue; research and development expense; sales and marketing expense; general and administrative expense; operating expense; operating income; operating margin; net other income and expense; income before income taxes and noncontrolling interest; provision for income taxes; income tax rate; net income; net income per share and net income as a percentage of revenue. These measures are not presented in accordance with, nor are they a substitute for, U.S. generally accepted accounting principles or GAAP. In addition, these measures may be different from non-GAAP measures used by other companies, limiting their usefulness for comparison purposes. The non-GAAP financial measures used in the table above should not be considered in isolation from measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. Investors are cautioned that there are material limitations associated with the use of non-GAAP financial measures as an analytical tool. In particular, many of the adjustments to our GAAP financial measures reflect the exclusion of items that are recurring and will be reflected in our financial results for the foreseeable future.

We utilize a number of different financial measures, both GAAP and non-GAAP, in analyzing and assessing the overall performance of our business, in making operating decisions, forecasting and planning for future periods, and determining payments under compensation programs. We consider the use of the non-GAAP measures presented above to be helpful in assessing the performance of the continuing operation of our business. By continuing operations we mean the ongoing revenue and expenses of the business excluding certain items that render comparisons with prior periods or analysis of on-going operating trends more difficult, such as expenses not directly related to the actual cash costs of development, sale, delivery or support of our products and services, or expenses that are reflected in periods unrelated to when the actual amounts were incurred or paid. Consistent with this approach, we believe that disclosing non-GAAP financial measures to the readers of our financial statements provides such readers with useful supplemental data that, while not a substitute for financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, allows for greater transparency in the review of our financial and operational performance. In addition, we have historically reported non-GAAP results to the investment community and believe that continuing to provide non-GAAP measures provides investors with a tool for comparing results over time. In assessing the overall health of our business for the periods covered by the table above and, in particular, in evaluating the financial line items presented in the table above, we have excluded items in the following three general categories, each of which are described below: Acquisition-Related Charges, Other Items, and Stock-Based Compensation Related Items. We also provide additional detail below regarding the shares used to calculate our non-GAAP net income per share. Notes identified for line items in the table above correspond to the appropriate note description below. Additionally, with respect to future financial guidance provided on a non-GAAP basis, we have excluded estimates for amortization of intangible assets, stock-based compensation expenses, acquisition related charges, restructuring charges, litigation settlement charges, gain or loss on equity investments, non-recurring income tax adjustments, valuation allowance on deferred tax assets, and income tax effect of non-GAAP exclusions.

Note A: Acquisition-Related Charges. We exclude certain expense items resulting from acquisitions including the following, when applicable: (i) amortization of purchased intangible assets associated with our acquisitions; (ii) compensation related to acquisitions; and (iii) acquisition-related charges. The amortization of purchased intangible assets associated with our acquisitions results in our recording expenses in our GAAP financial statements that were already expensed by the acquired company before the acquisition and for which we have not expended cash. Moreover, had we internally developed the products acquired, the amortization of intangible assets, and the expenses of uncompleted research and development would have been expensed in prior periods. Accordingly, we analyze the performance of our operations in each period without regard to such expenses. In addition, acquisitions result in non-continuing operating expenses, which would not otherwise have been incurred by us in the normal course of our business operations. For example, we have incurred deferred compensation charges related to assumed options and transition and integration costs such as retention bonuses and acquisition-related milestone payments to acquired employees. We believe that providing non-GAAP information for acquisition-related expense items in addition to the corresponding GAAP information allows the users of our financial statements to better review and understand the historic and current results of our continuing operations, and also facilitates comparisons to less acquisitive peer companies.

Note B: Other Items. We exclude certain other items that are the result of either unique or unplanned events including the following, when applicable: (i) restructuring and related costs; (ii) impairment charges; (iii) gain or loss on legal settlement, net of related transaction costs; (iv) retroactive impacts of certain tax settlements; (v) significant effects of tax legislation and judicial or administrative interpretation of tax regulations; (vi) gain or loss on equity investments; and (vii) the income tax effect on our financial statements of excluding items related to our non-GAAP financial measures. It is difficult to estimate the amount or timing of these items in advance. Restructuring and impairment charges result from events, which arise from unforeseen circumstances, which often occur outside of the ordinary course of continuing operations. Although these events are reflected in our GAAP financials, these unique transactions may limit the comparability of our on-going operations with prior and future periods. In the case of legal settlements, these gains or losses are recorded in the period in which the matter is concluded or resolved even though the subject matter of the underlying dispute may relate to multiple or different periods. As such, we believe that these expenses do not accurately reflect the underlying performance of our continuing operations for the period in which they are incurred. Similarly, the retroactive impacts of certain tax settlements and significant effects of retroactive tax legislation are unique events that occur in periods that are generally unrelated to the level of business activity to which such settlement or legislation applies. We believe this limits comparability with prior periods and that these expenses do not accurately reflect the underlying performance of our continuing business operations for the period in which they are incurred. Whether we realize gains or losses on equity investments is based primarily on the performance and market value of those independent companies. Accordingly, we believe that these gains and losses do not reflect the underlying performance of our continuing operations. We also believe providing financial information with and without the income tax effect of excluding items related to our non-GAAP financial measures provide our management and users of the financial statements with better

clarity regarding the on-going performance and future liquidity of our business. Because of these factors, we assess our operating performance both with these amounts included and excluded, and by providing this information, we believe the users of our financial statements are better able to understand the financial results of what we consider our continuing operations.

Note C: Stock-Based Compensation Related Items. We provide non-GAAP information relative to our expense for stock-based compensation and related payroll tax. We began to include stock-based compensation expense in our GAAP financial measures in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 718, Compensation - Stock Compensation ("FASB ASC Topic 718"), in January 2006. Because of varying available valuation methodologies, subjective assumptions and the variety of award types, which affect the calculations of stock-based compensation, we believe that the exclusion of stock-based compensation allows for more accurate comparisons of our operating results to our peer companies. Further, we believe that excluding stock-based compensation expense allows for a more accurate comparison of our financial results to previous periods during which our equity-based awards were not required to be reflected in our income statement. Stock-based compensation is very different from other forms of compensation. A cash salary or bonus has a fixed and unvarying cash cost. For example, the expense associated with a \$10,000 bonus is equal to exactly \$10,000 in cash regardless of when it is awarded and who it is awarded by. In contrast, the expense associated with an award of an option for 1,000 shares of stock is unrelated to the amount of compensation ultimately received by the employee; and the cost to the company is based on a stock-based compensation valuation methodology and underlying assumptions that may vary over time and that does not reflect any cash expenditure by the company because no cash is expended. Furthermore, the expense associated with granting an employee an option is spread over multiple years unlike other compensation expenses which are more proximate to the time of award or payment. For example, we may be recognizing expense in a year where the stock option is significantly underwater and is not going to be exercised or generate any compensation for the employee. The expense associated with an award of an option for 1,000 shares of stock by us in one quarter may have a very different expense than an award of an identical number of shares in a different quarter. Finally, the expense recognized by us for such an option may be very different than the expense to other companies for awarding a comparable option, which makes it difficult to assess our operating performance relative to our competitors. Similar to stock-based compensation, payroll tax on stock option exercises is dependent on our stock price and the timing and exercise by employees of our stock-based compensation, over which our management has little control, and as such does not correlate to the operation of our business. Because of these unique characteristics of stock-based compensation and the related payroll tax, management excludes these expenses when analyzing the organization's business performance. We also believe that presentation of such non-GAAP information is important to enable readers of our financial statements to compare current period results with periods prior to the adoption of FASB ASC Topic 718.

Note D: Non-GAAP Net Income Per Share Items. We provide basic non-GAAP net income per share and diluted non-GAAP net income per share. The basic non-GAAP net income per share amount was calculated based on our non-GAAP net income and the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the reporting period. The diluted non-GAAP income per share included additional dilution from potential issuance of common stock, except when such issuances would be anti-dilutive.

# Juniper Networks, Inc. Preliminary Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands) (unaudited)

	De	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009		
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,811,887	\$	1,604,723		
Short-term investments		474,514		570,522		
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		596,622		458,652		
Deferred tax assets, net		161,535		196,318		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	<u></u>	169,812		48,744		
Total current assets		3,214,370		2,878,959		
Property and equipment, net		493,881		455,651		
Long-term investments		535,178		483,505		
Restricted cash		119,346		53,732		
Purchased intangible assets, net		121,803		13,834		
Goodwill		3,927,807		3,658,602		
Long-term deferred tax assets, net		_		10,555		
Other long-term assets		55,466		35,425		
Total assets	\$	8,467,851	\$	7,590,263		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	292,270	\$	242,591		
Accrued compensation		256,746		176,551		
Accrued warranty		35,931		38,199		
Deferred revenue		660,264		571,652		
Income taxes payable		25,000		34,936		
Accrued litigation settlements		_		169,330		
Other accrued liabilities		201,765		142,526		
Total current liabilities		1,471,976		1,375,785		
Long-term deferred revenue		224,165		181,937		
Long-term income tax payable		103,823		170,245		
Other long-term liabilities		59,087		37,531		
Total liabilities		1,859,051		1,765,498		
Total equity		6,608,800		5,824,765		
Total liabilities and equity	\$	8,467,851	\$	7,590,263		

# Juniper Networks, Inc. Preliminary Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands) (unaudited)

	Twelve Months End			ded December 31,		
		2010		2009		
Cash flows from operating activities:				_		
Consolidated net income	\$	619,373	\$	115,228		
Adjustments to reconcile consolidated net income to net cash from operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		155,288		148,373		
Share-based compensation		181,957		139,659		
(Gain) loss on equity investments		(8,653)		5,562		
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation		(48,500)		(3,510)		
Deferred income taxes		64,035		9,436		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable, net		(129,199)		(28,682)		
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(129,292)		(8,520)		
Accounts payable		48,217		(2,422)		
Accrued compensation		78,071		16,079		
Accrued warranty		(2,268)		(1,891)		
Accrued litigation settlements		(169,330)		_		
Income tax payable		25,193		43,672		
Other accrued liabilities		(451)		199,787		
Deferred revenue		127,894		163,326		
Net cash provided by operating activities		812,335		796,097		
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Purchases of property and equipment, net		(185,291)		(153,101)		
Purchases of trading investments		(2,754)		_		
Purchases of available-for-sale investments		(1,577,758)		(1,461,532)		
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale investments		537,916		285,379		
Proceeds from maturities of available-for-sale investments		1,086,514		398,435		
Payment for business acquisitions, net of cash and cash equivalents acquired		(374,765)		_		
Changes in restricted cash		(12,424)		(11,276)		
Purchases of privately-held equity investments, net		(4,188)		(6,205)		
Net cash used in investing activities		(532,750)		(948,300)		
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		451,039		164,207		
Purchases and retirement of common stock		(565,473)		(453,888)		
Change in customer financing arrangements		(3,487)		19,613		
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation		48,500		3,510		
(Return of capital to) proceeds from noncontrolling interest		(3,000)		4,400		
Net cash used in financing activities		(72,421)		(262,158)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		207,164		(414,361)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		1,604,723		2,019,084		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	1,811,887	\$	1,604,723		



## Juniper Networks, Inc. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (in thousands)

(unaudited)

	D	December 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,811,887	\$	1,604,723	
Short-term investments		474,514		570,522	
Long-term investments		535,178		483,505	
Total	\$	2,821,579	\$	2,658,750	